

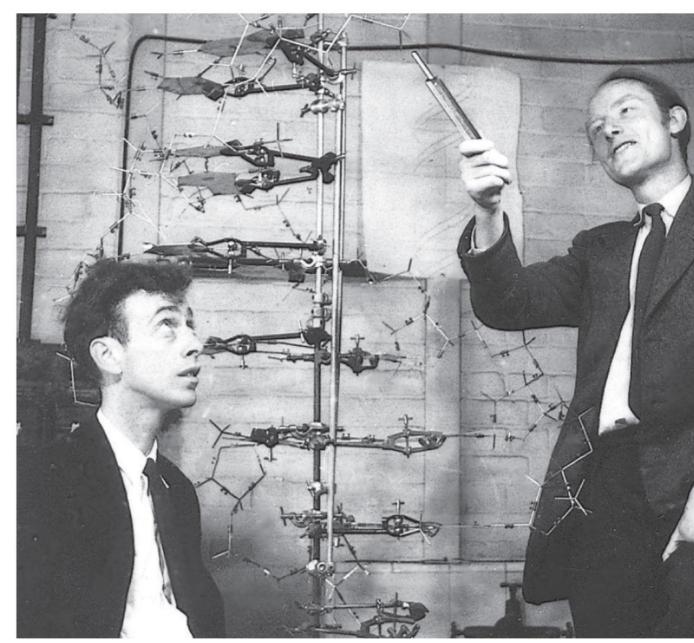
institute for art, science and technology



BioHack Academy History of Biohacking

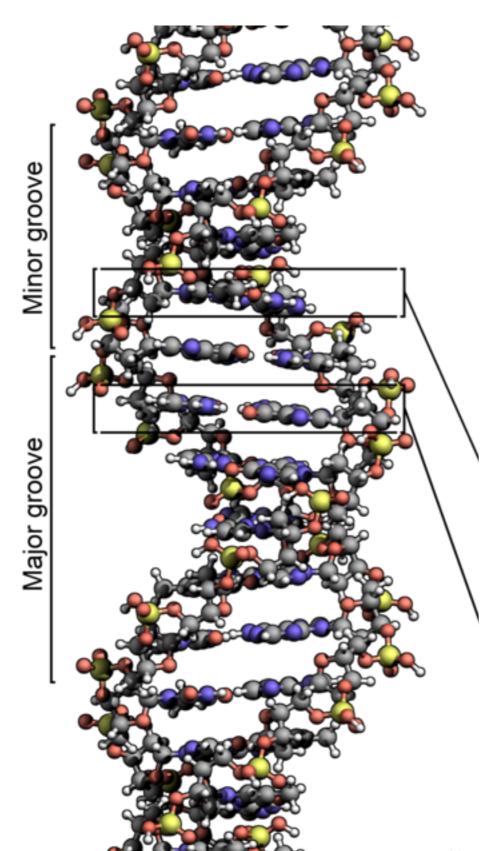
Discovery of Double Helix 1953





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Living code:

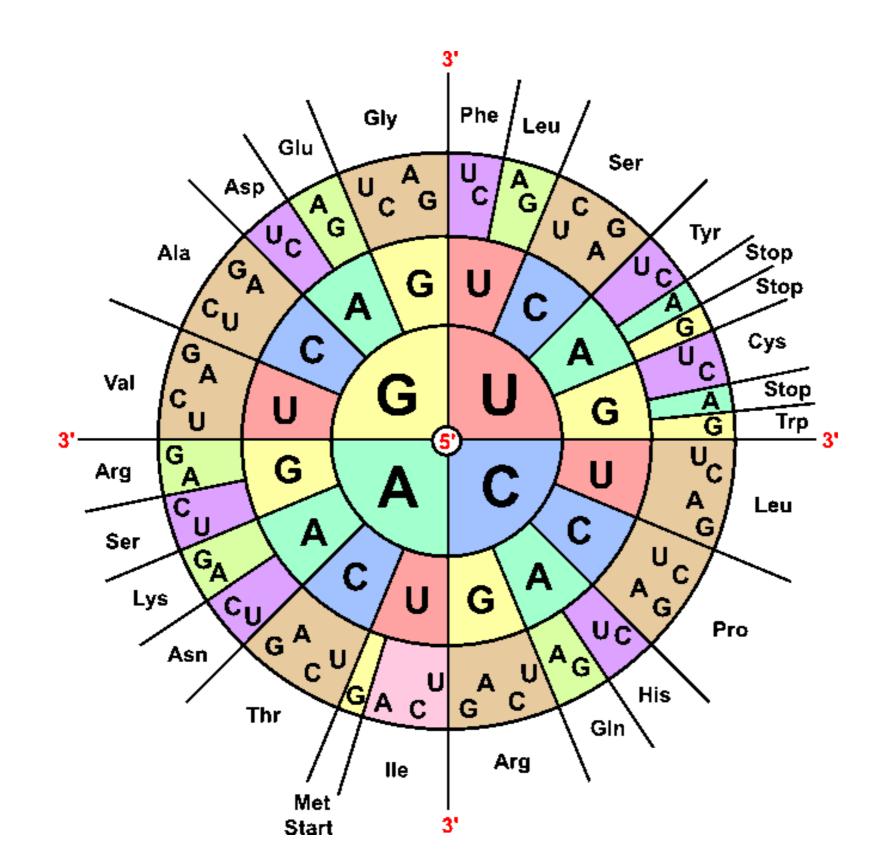
AACATGACCTGACGA

Digital code:

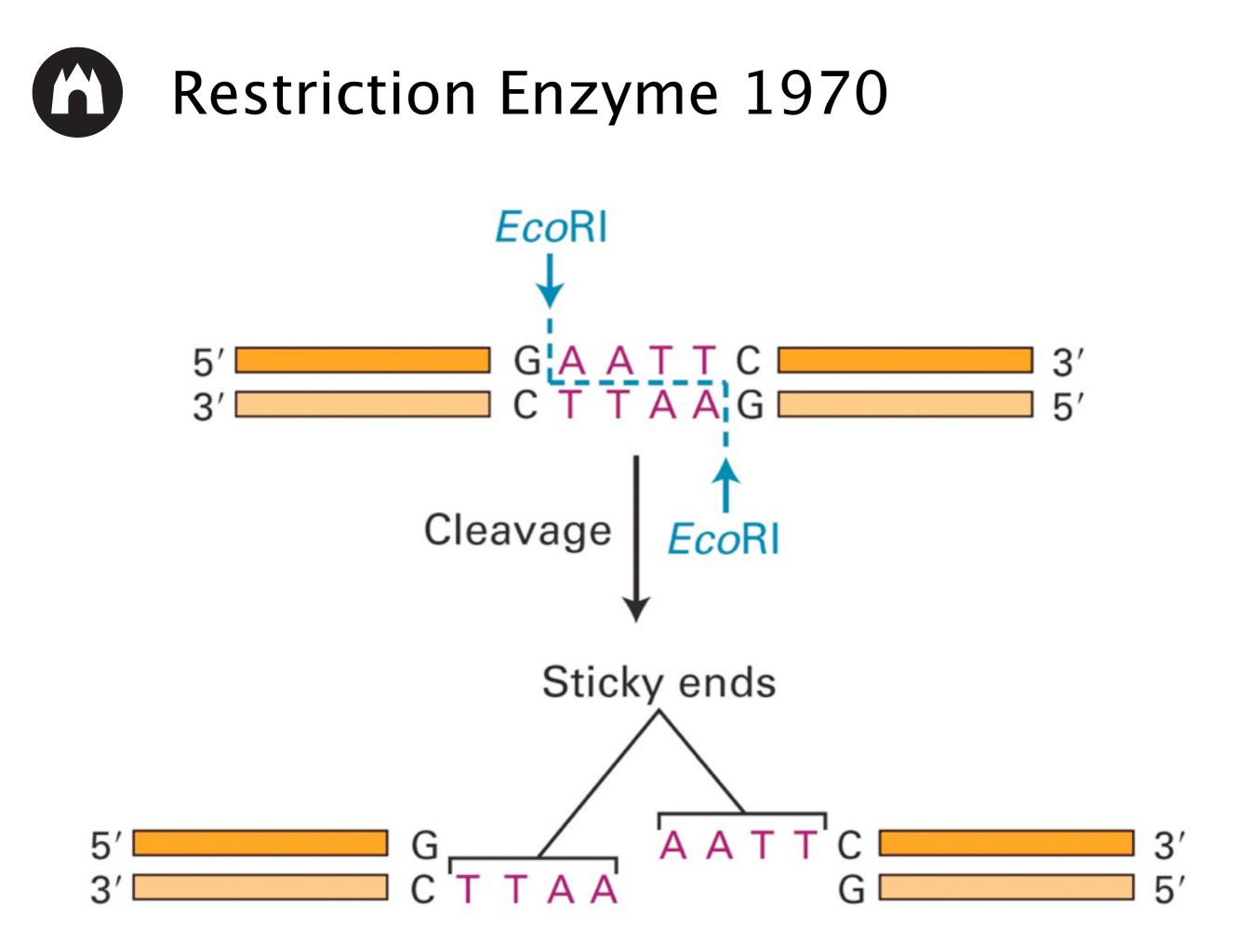
Robert W. Holley, Marshall Nirenberg, Har Gobind Khorana 1968



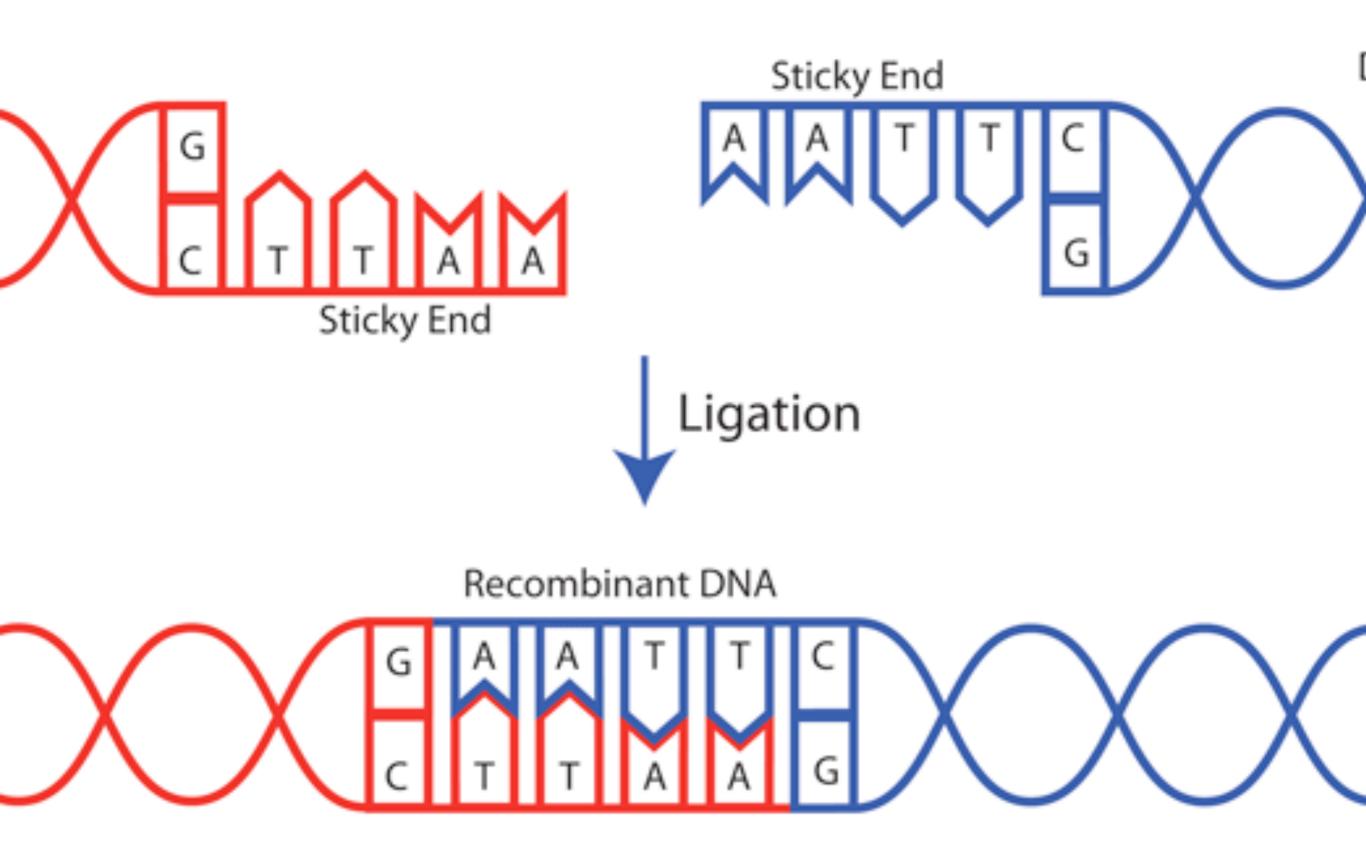




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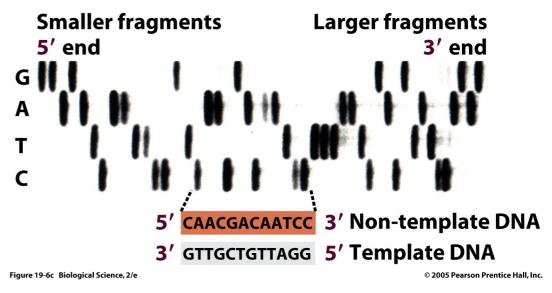






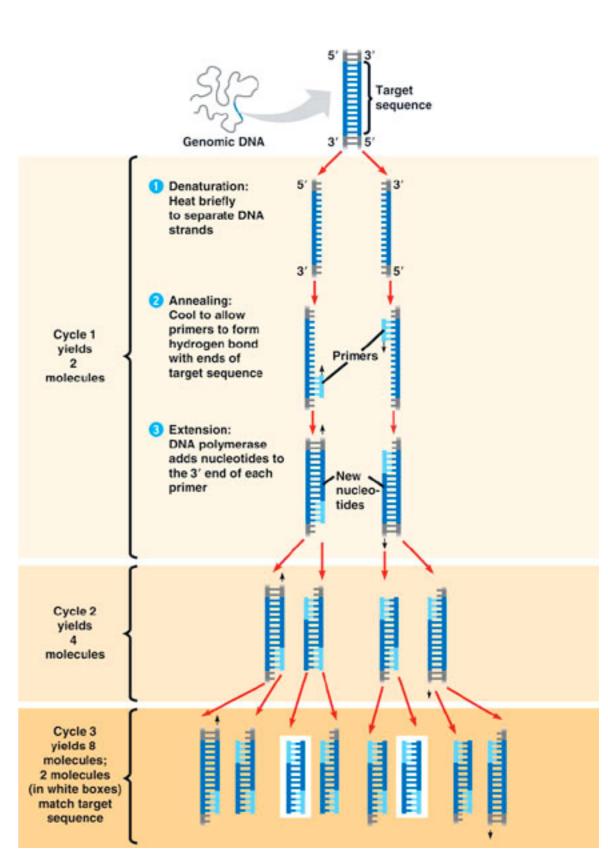
Courtesy of Dr. F. Sanger, MRC, Cambridge. Noncommercial, educational use only.

Different-length strands can be lined up by size to determine DNA sequence.



Polymerase Chain Reaction, 1983



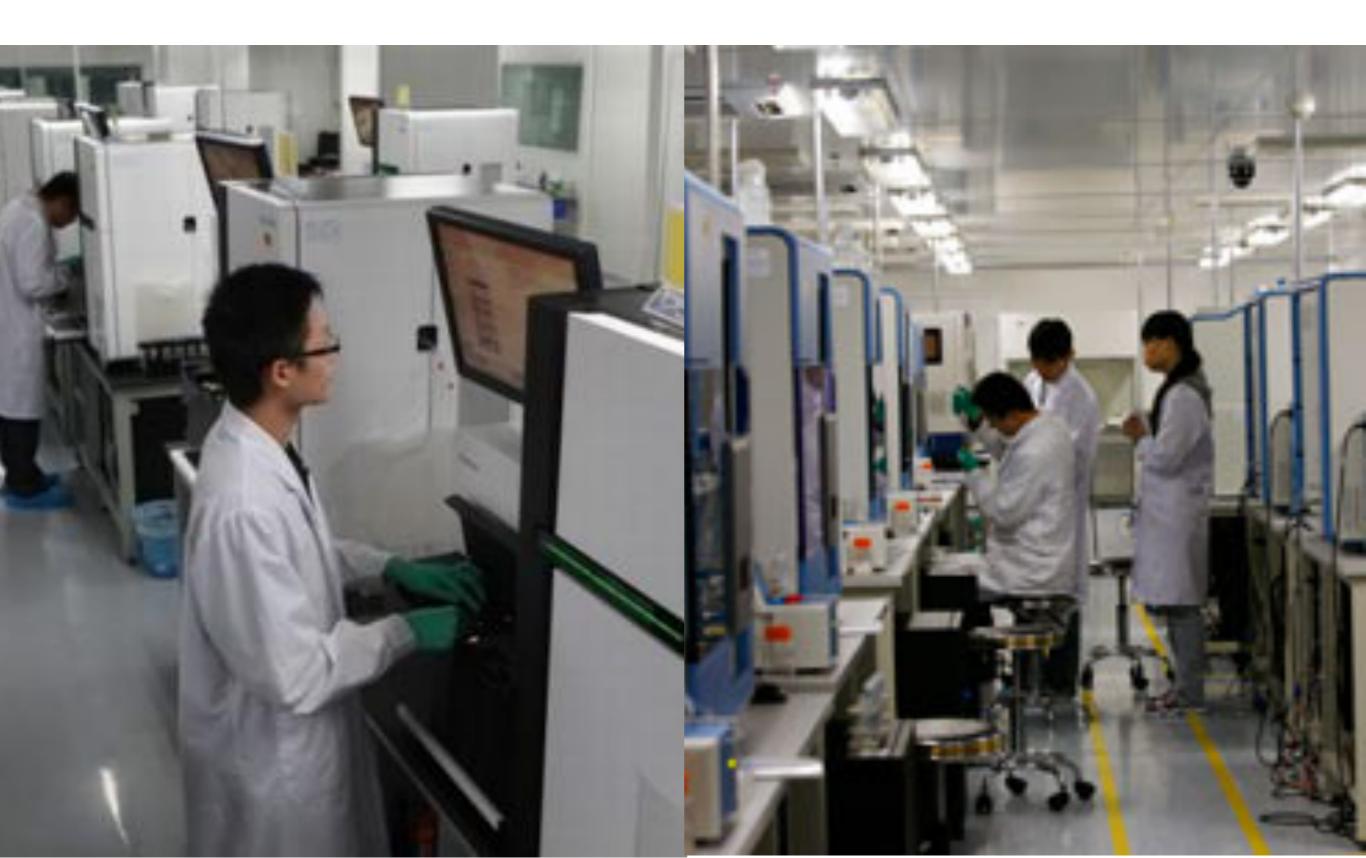


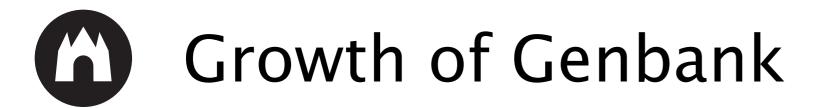


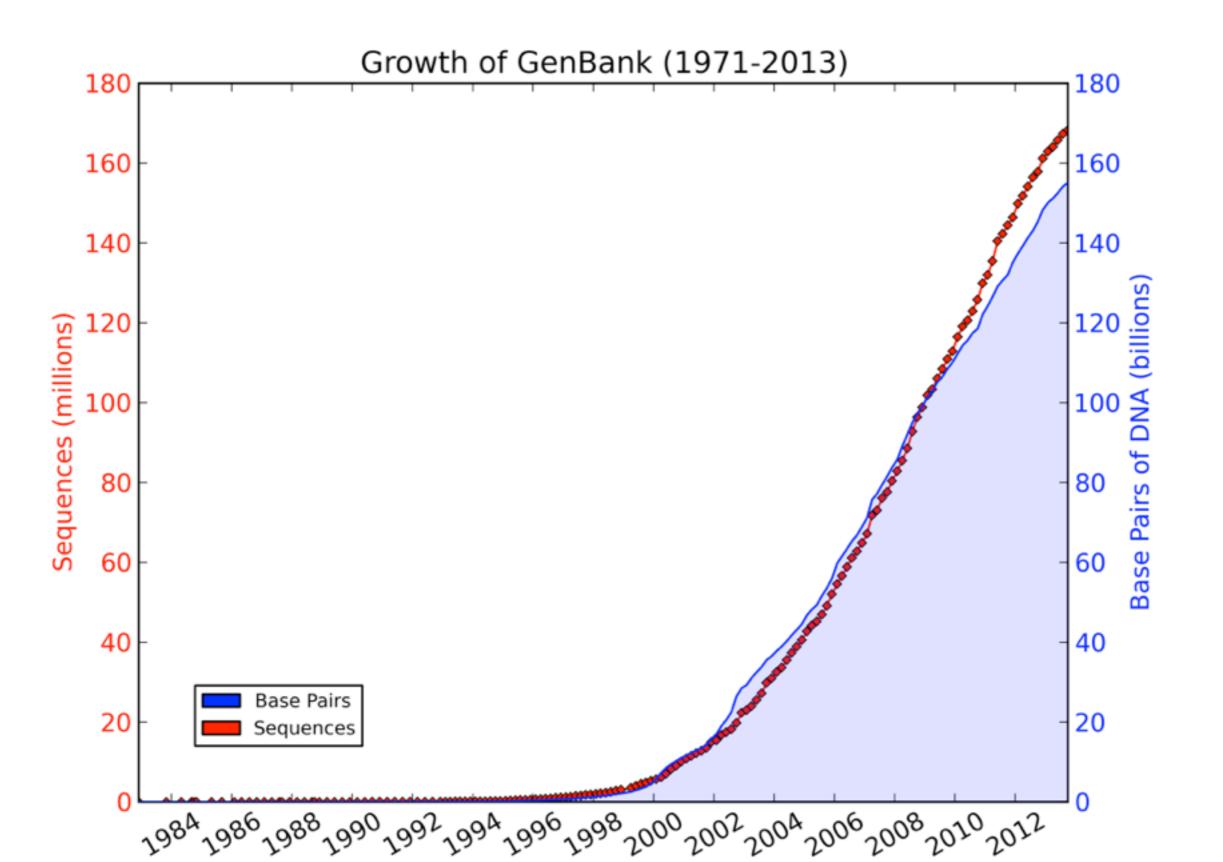




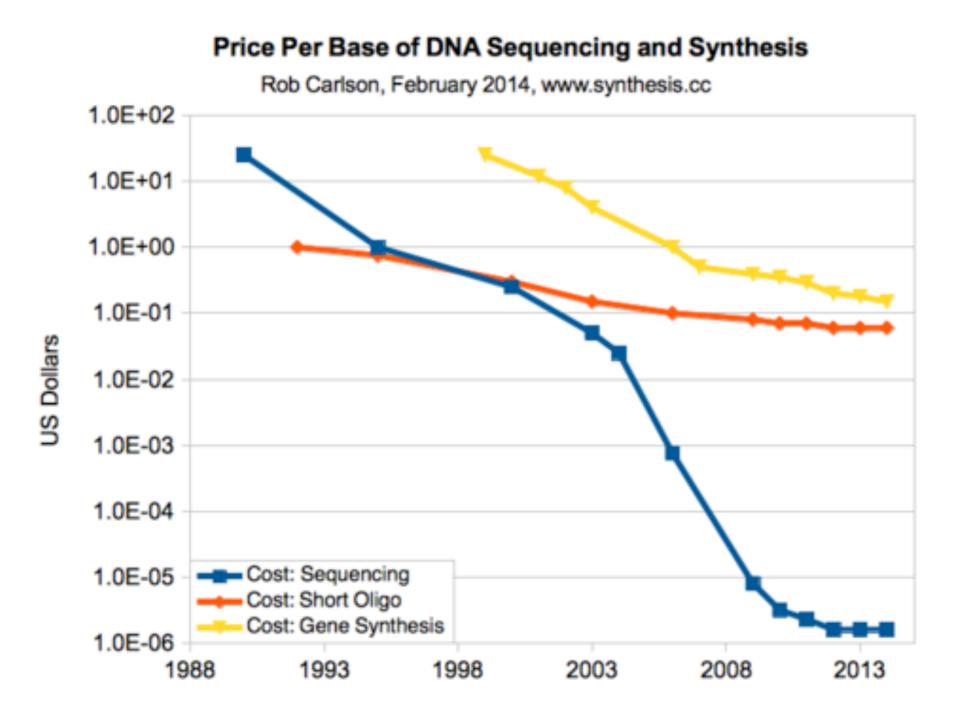






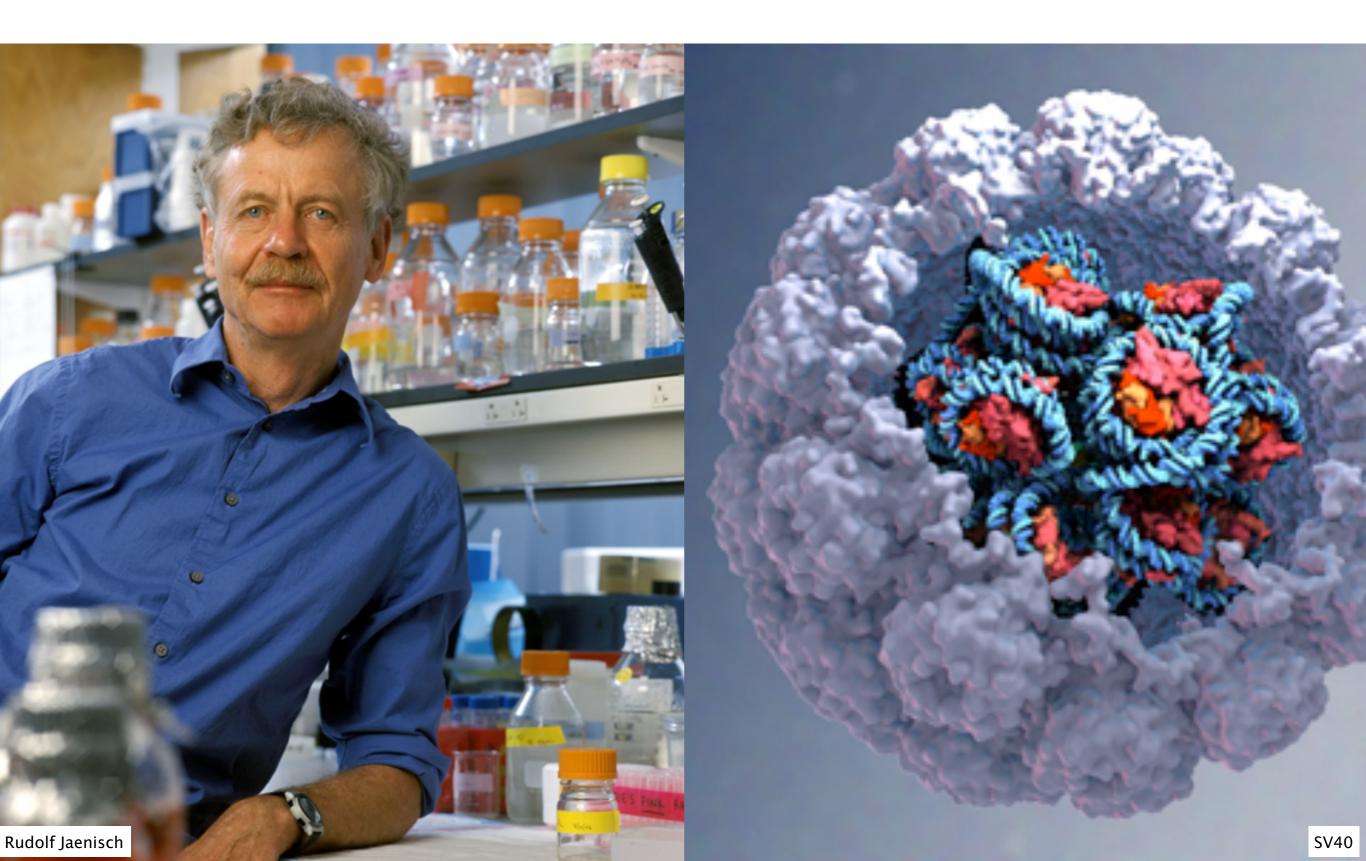






Year









A chimaeric antibiotic resistance gene as a selectable marker for plant cell transformation

MICHAEL W. BEVAN[®], RICHARD B. FLAVELL[®] & MARY-DELL CHILTON[†]

[†]Plant Breeding Institute, Maris Lane, Trumpington, Cambridge CB2 2LQ, UK [†]Department of Biology, Washington University, St Louis, Missouri 63130, USA

The T-DNA region of *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* tumour-inducing plasmids of the nopaline type¹ contains a gene coding for the enzyme nopaline synthase. This gene is expressed constitutively in host plant cells to which it is transferred during tumour induction². We have exploited the regulatory elements of this gene to construct a chimaeric gene that confers antibiotic resistance on transformed plant cells. The chimaeric gene encodes the expected chimaeric transcripts in plant cells, and confers on transformed cells the ability to grow in the presence of normally lethal levels of the antibiotic G418 (ref. 3). Experiments using *in vitro* transformation techniques on single plant cells indicate that this antibiotic resistance can be used as a selectable marker, and can therefore be used in selecting cells transformed by T-DNA vectors that have had the genes for hormone autotrophy deleted⁴. Plant cells transformed by such 'disarmed' T-DNA vectors can be regenerated into entire plants, whose sexual progeny contain unaltered copies of the inciting T-DNA⁵. The availability of this dominant selectable marker should allow a wider range of experiments to be under taken using different host plants.

References

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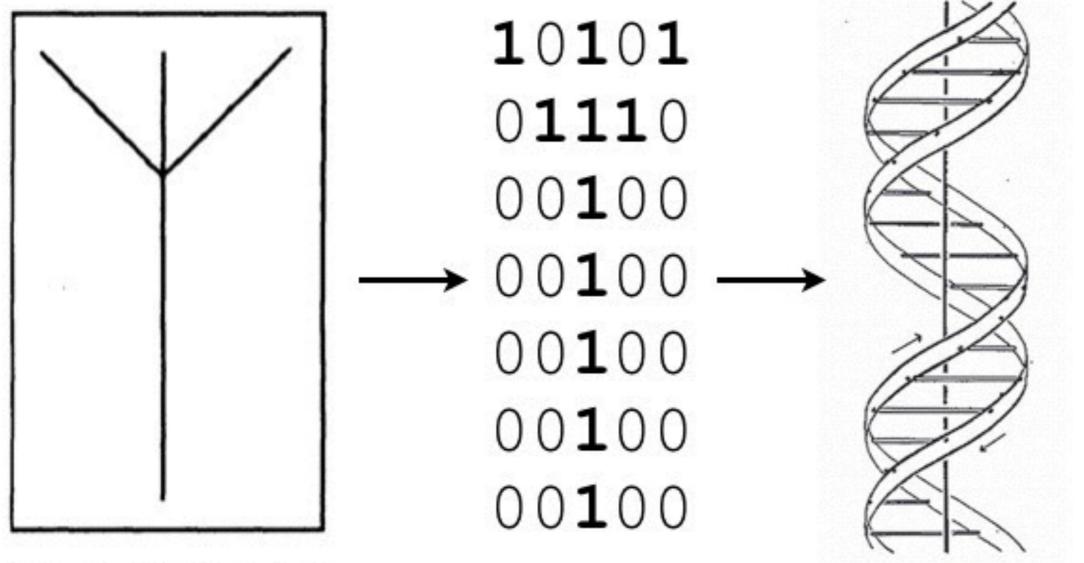


FIG. 1 Microvenus icon.

CCCCCCAACGCGCGCGCT

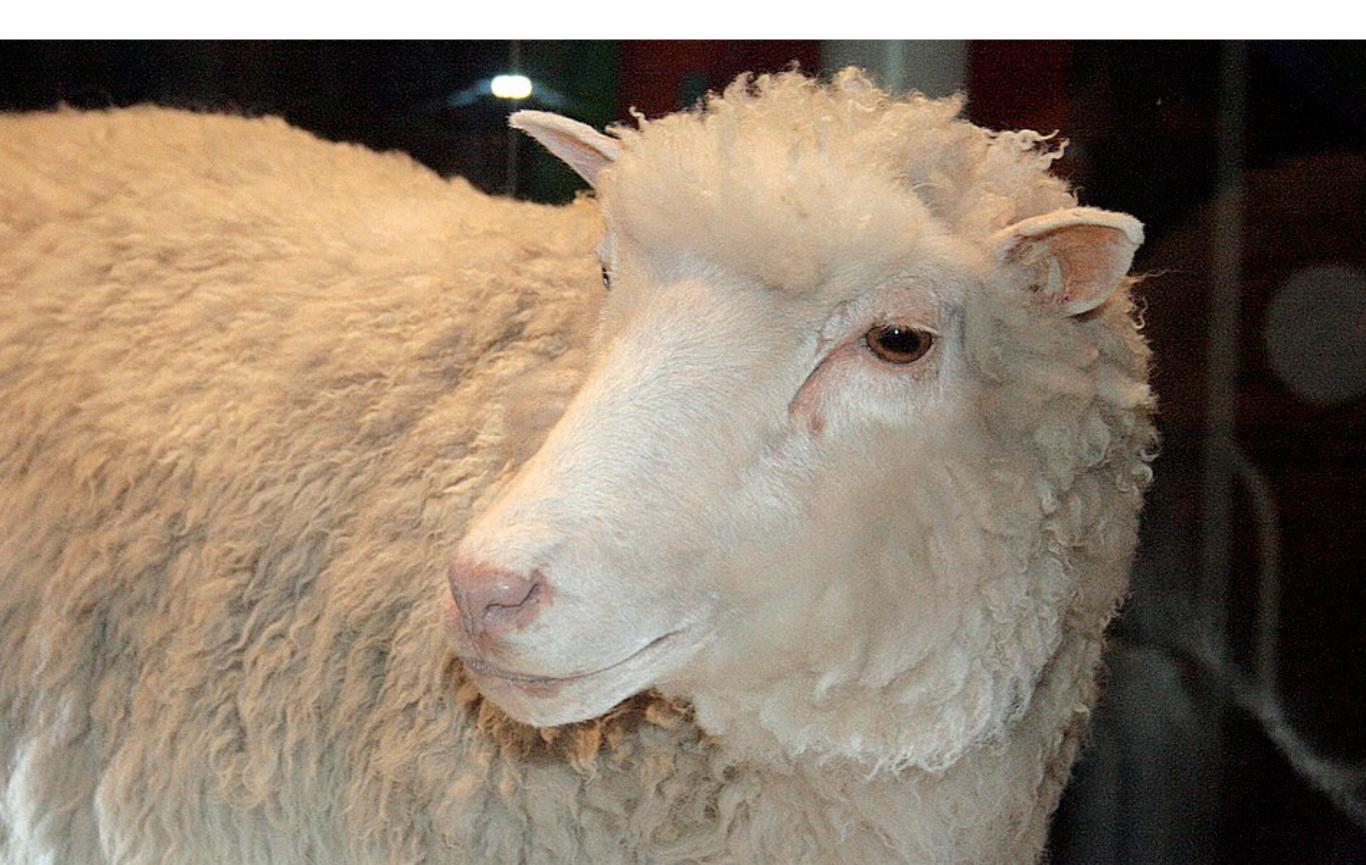


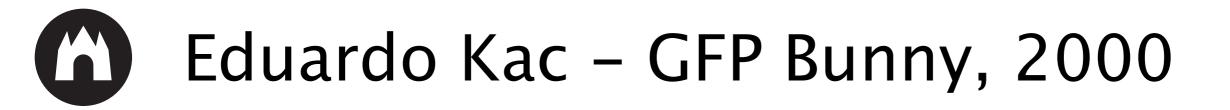


Life finds a way, Jurassic Park 1993



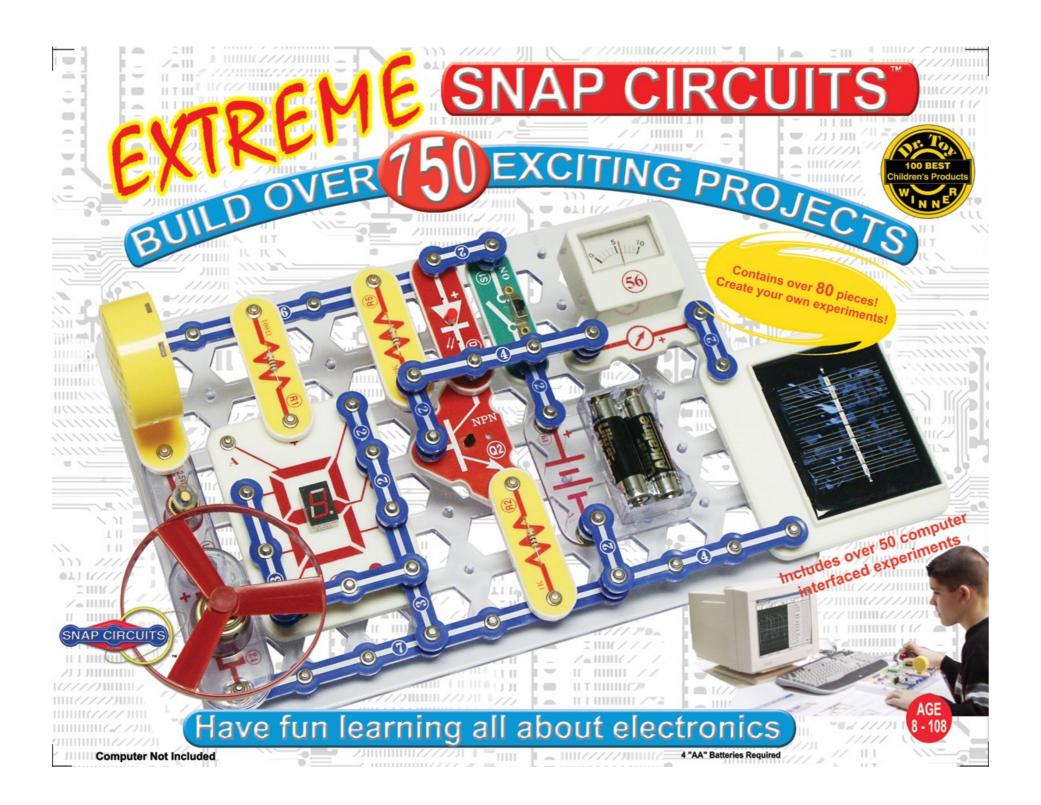
Dolly the Sheep, Edinburgh 1996







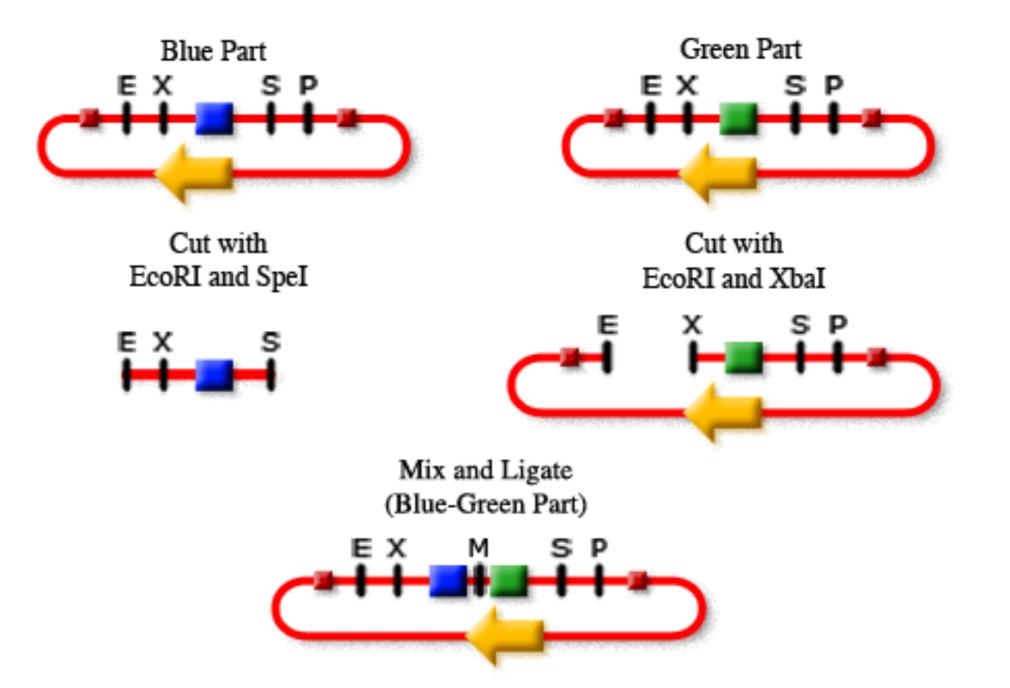
Science turned into technology











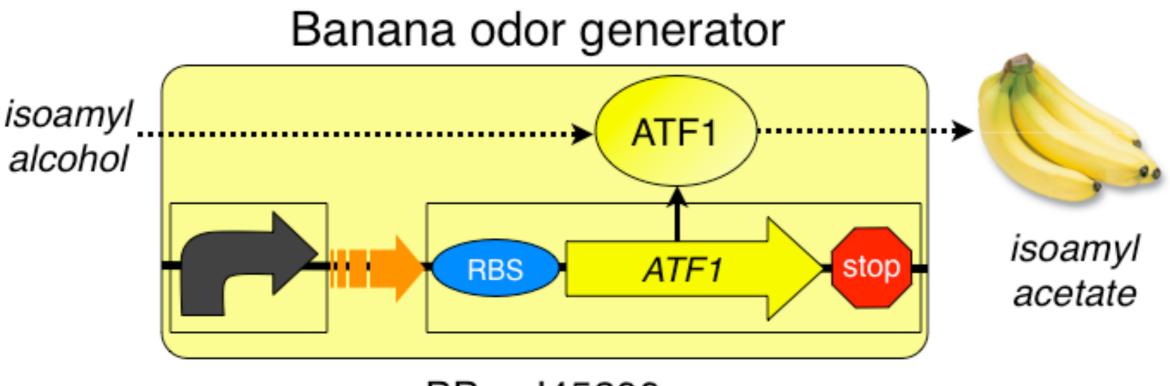


Bioart & Design

UT Austin/UCSF team 2004



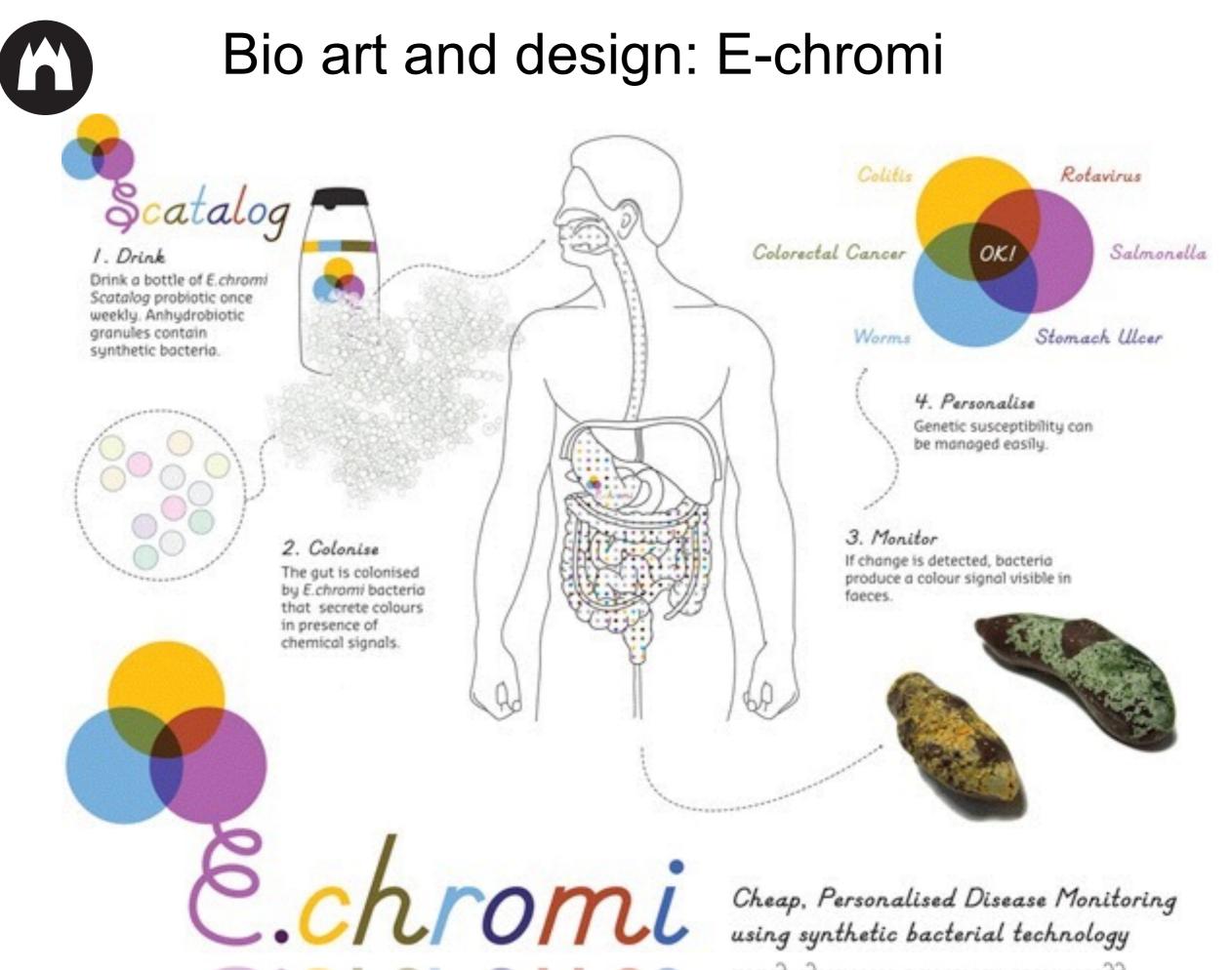




BBa_J45200

E Chromi, Cambridge UK 2009





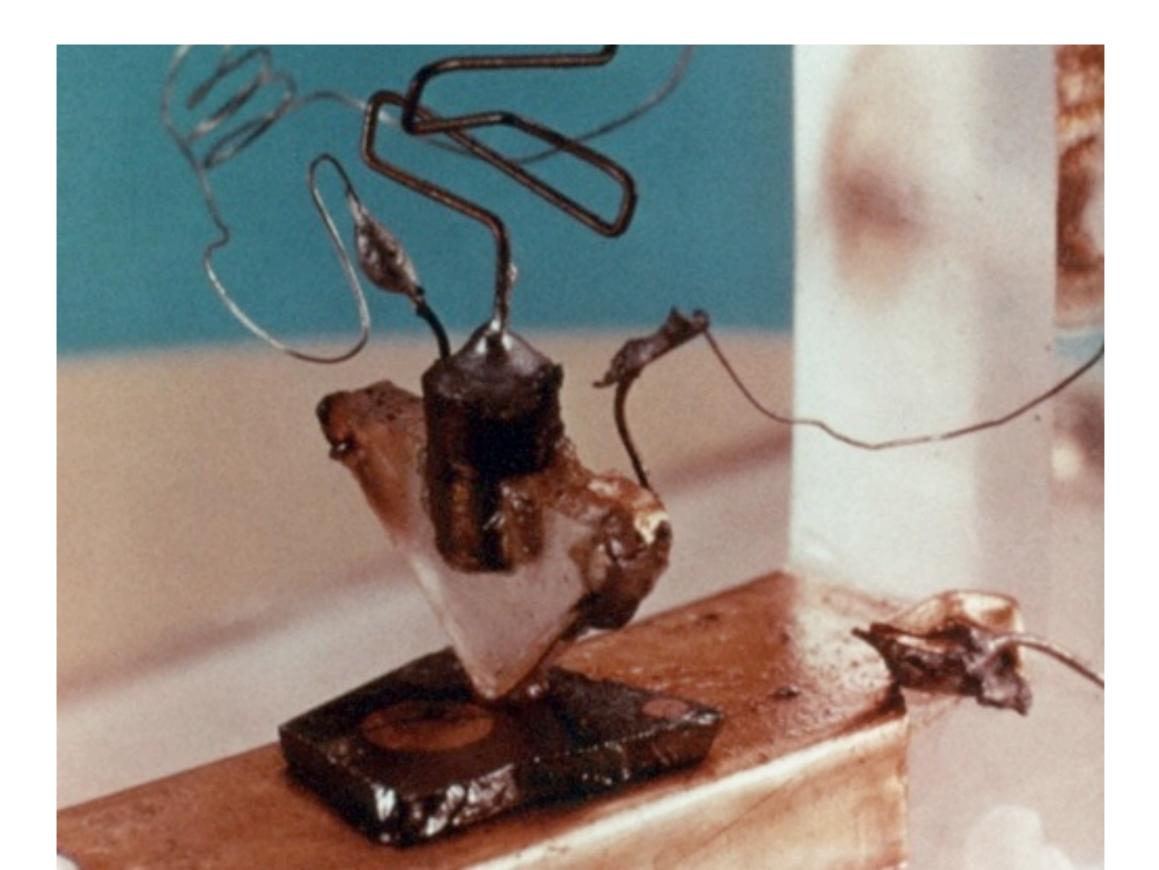
Center for Postnatural History – Rich Pell



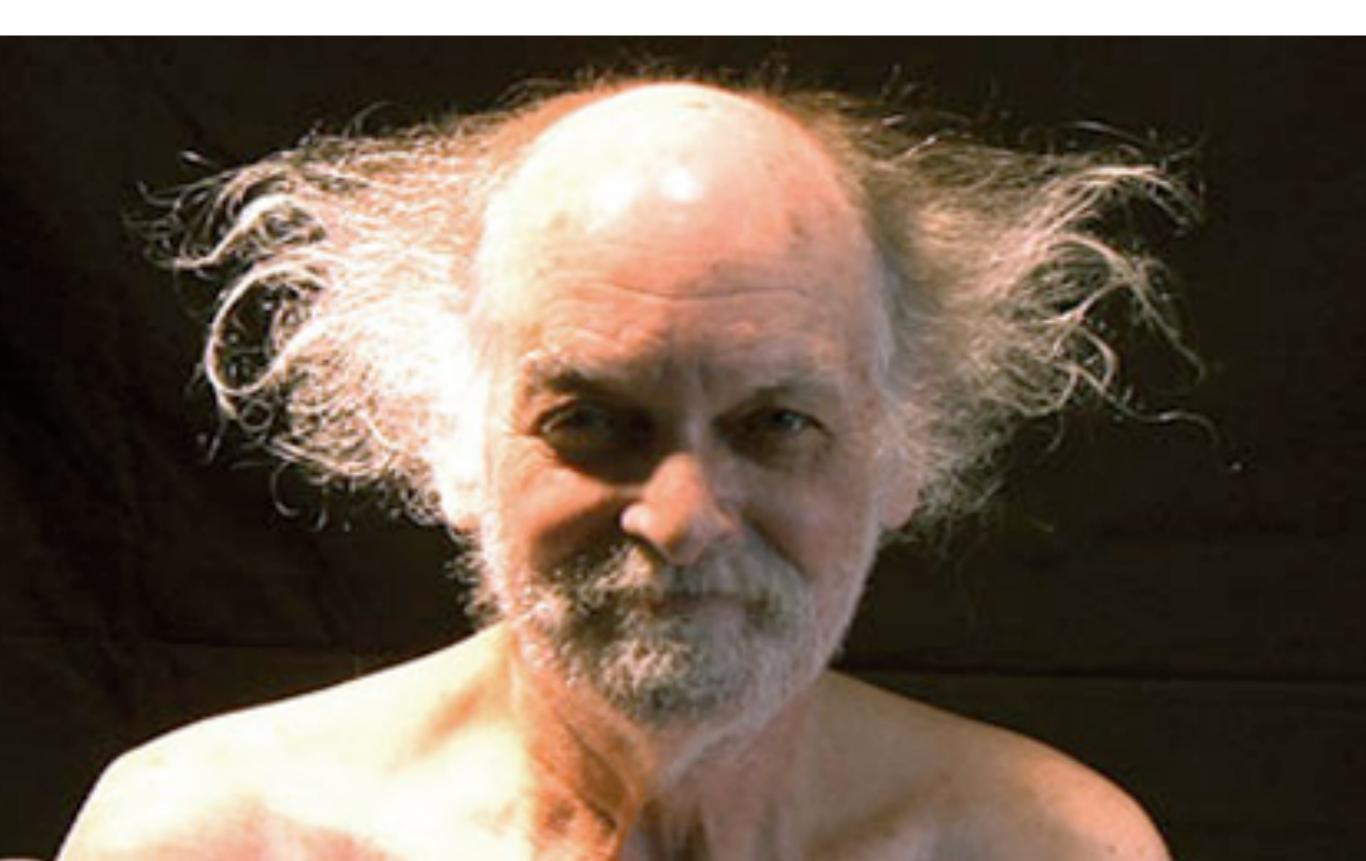


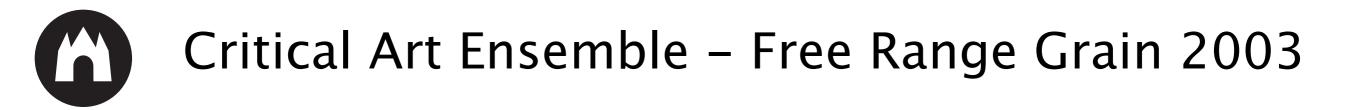
Biology & hacking

(A) Inspiration & justification





















"We thought that a lot of the art and science stuff was too academic and not accessible to the geek artists and, at the same time, the <u>DIYbio</u> was too geeky and not critical or artistic enough,"

- Marc Dusseiller at Interactivos









Kay Aull





Code of Ethics 2011

Transparency

Emphasize transparency and the sharing of ideas, knowledge, data and results.

Safety Adopt safe practices.

Open Access Promote citizen science and decentralized access to biotechnology.

Education Help educate the public about biotechnology, its benefits and implications.

Modesty Know you don't know everything.

Community Carefully listen to any concerns and questions and respond honestly.

Peaceful Purposes

Biotechnology must only be used for peaceful purposes.

Respect Respect humans and all living systems.

Responsibility

Recognize the complexity and dynamics of living systems and our responsibility towards them.

Accountability

Remain accountable for your actions and for upholding this code.





Meredith Patterson

Biopunk Manifesto 2011

"

we assert that the right of freedom of inquiry, to do research and pursue understanding under one's own direction, is as fundamental a right as that of free speech or freedom of religion"



Doing Biotech in My Bedroom

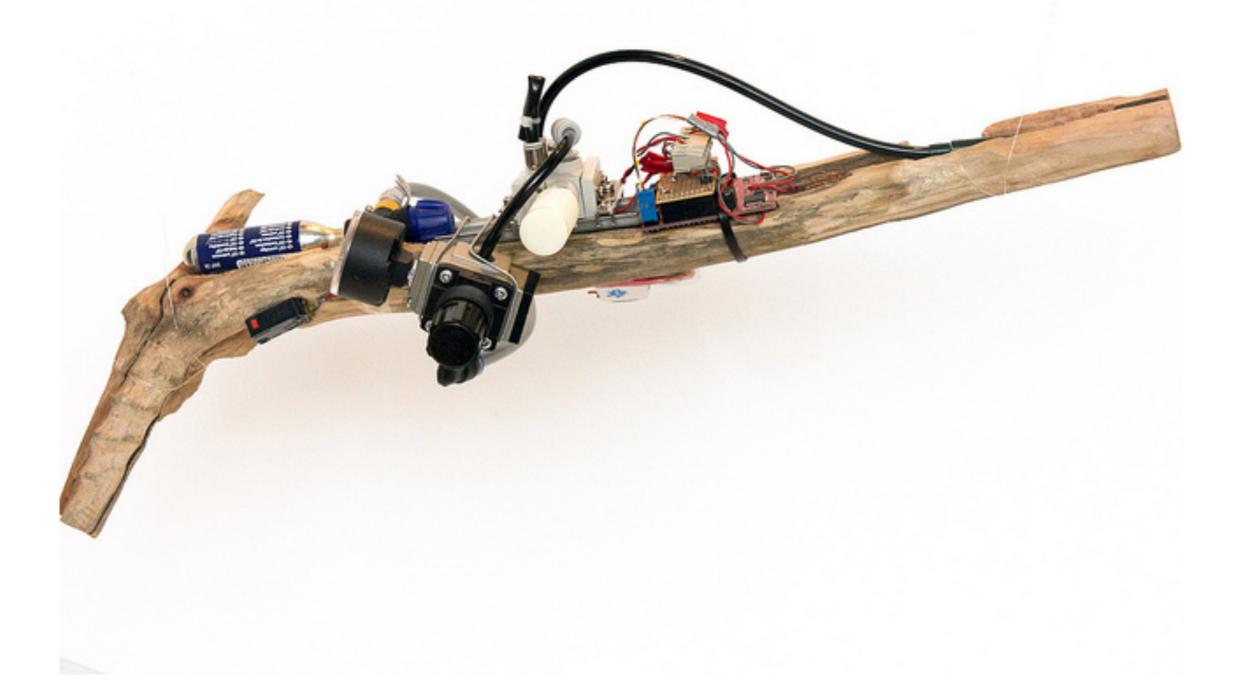
A new generation of biologists embraces the do-it-yourself ethic of computer programming.

By Antonio Regalado on February 14, 2012

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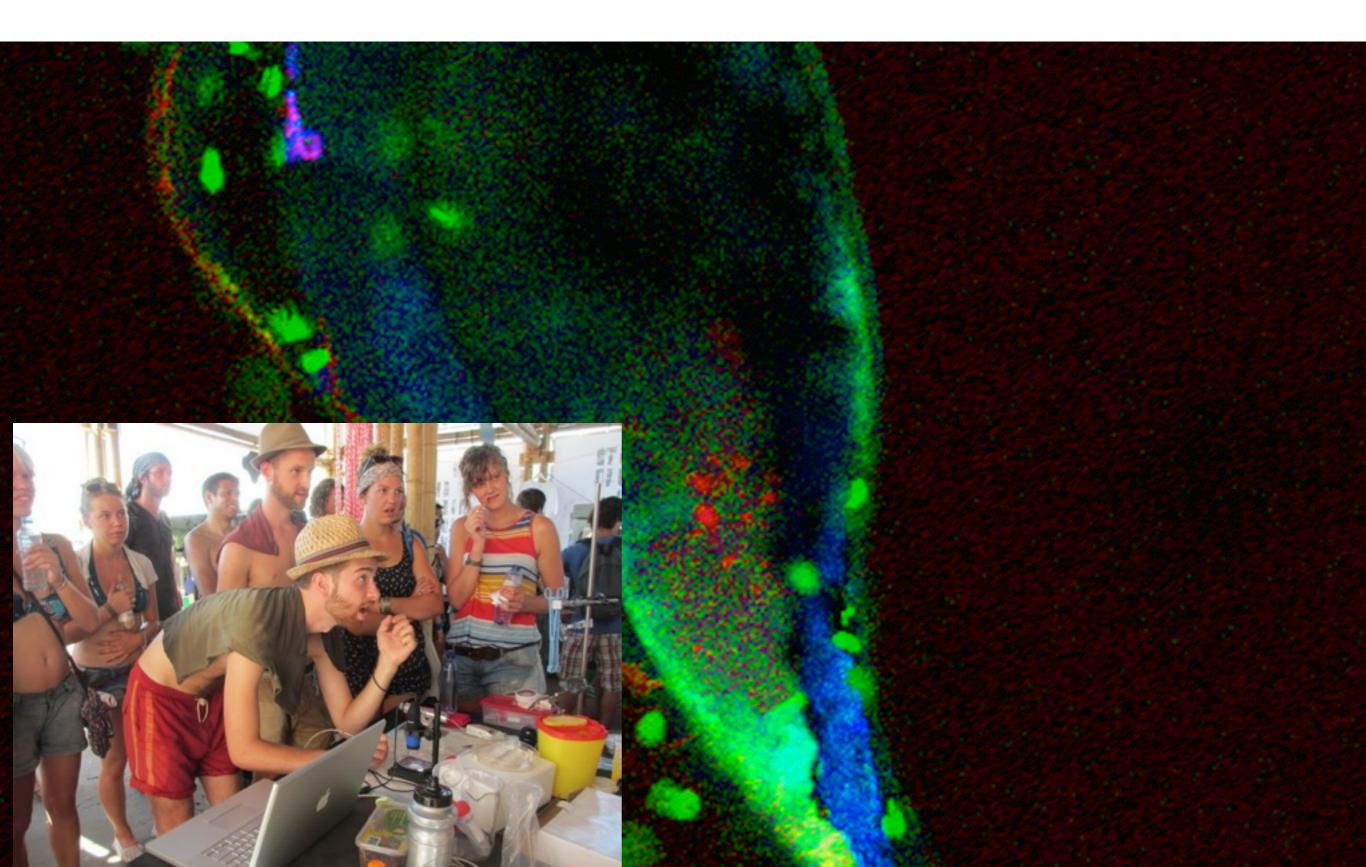


- Biohacking / DIYBio is a mix of:
 - 1960 Do It Yourself culture
 - 1980 Open Source movement
 - 1995 Internet powered Citizen science
 - 2003 Synthetic biology



Biohacking at the Waag





Making competent cells – Clab









Market & non-market rationales

"Do it without": pharma, agrotech

VS

Bio innovation



KICKSTARTER

Discover St

Start

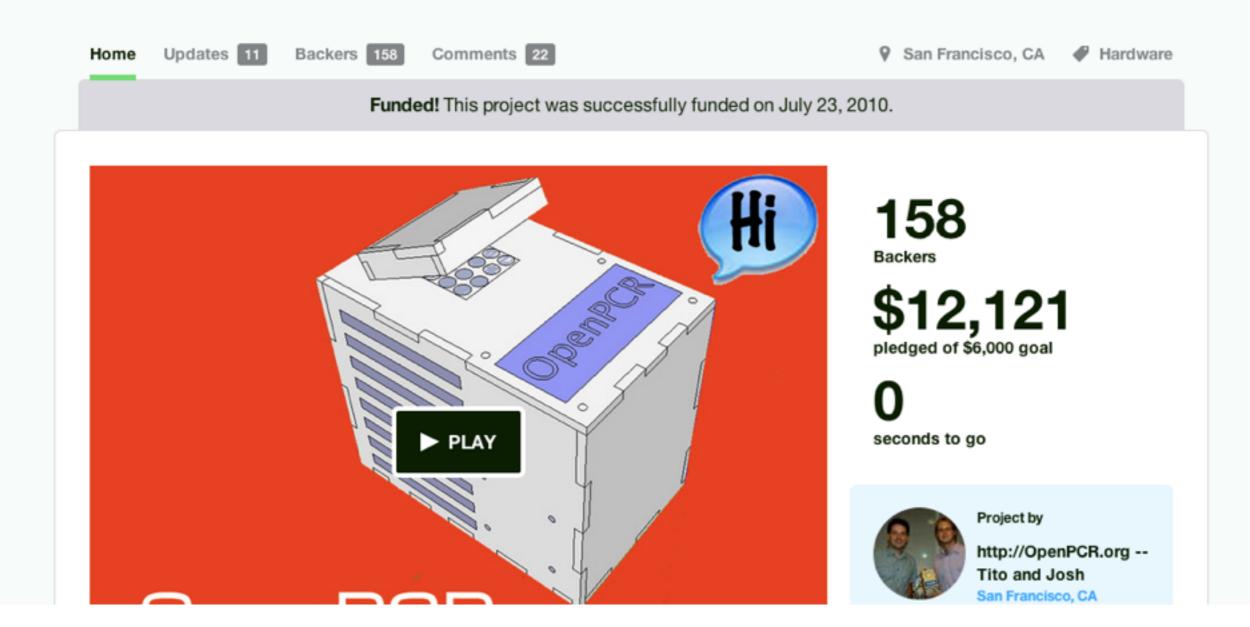
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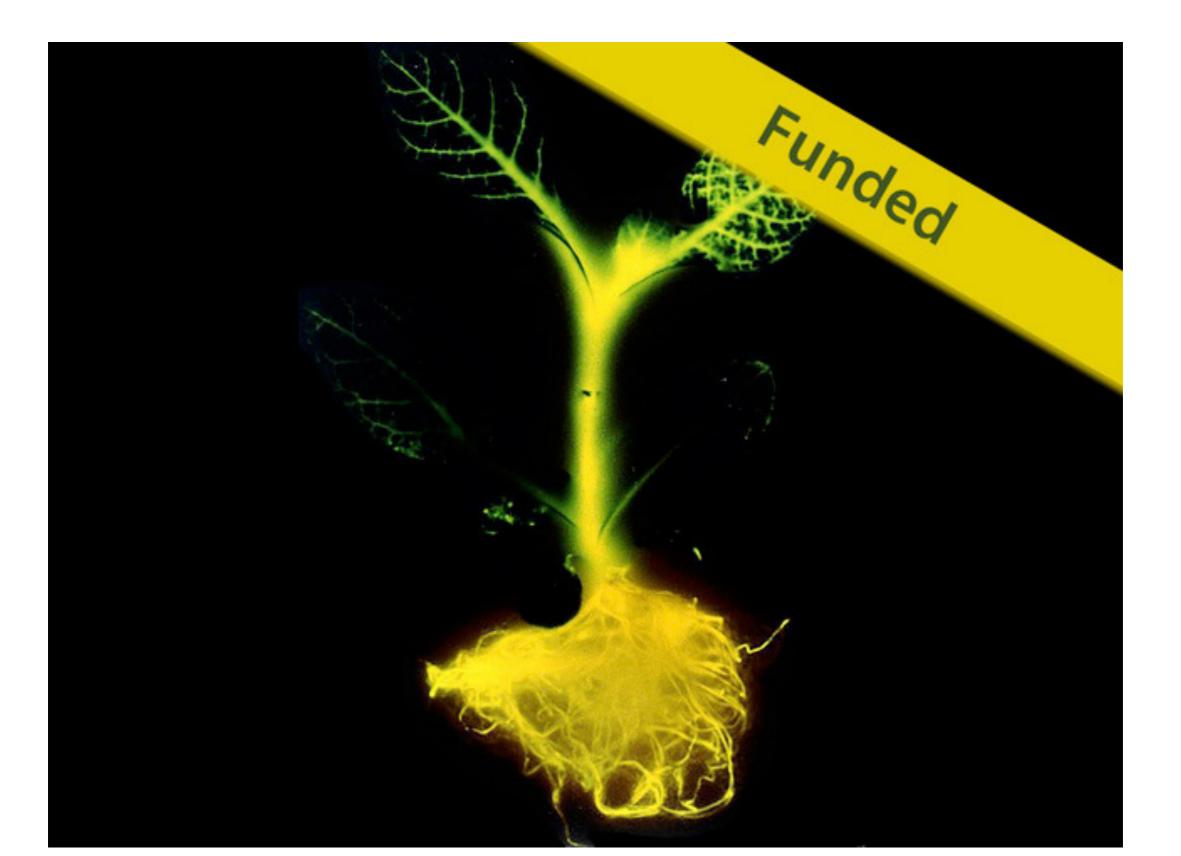
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OpenPCR - open source biotech on your desktop

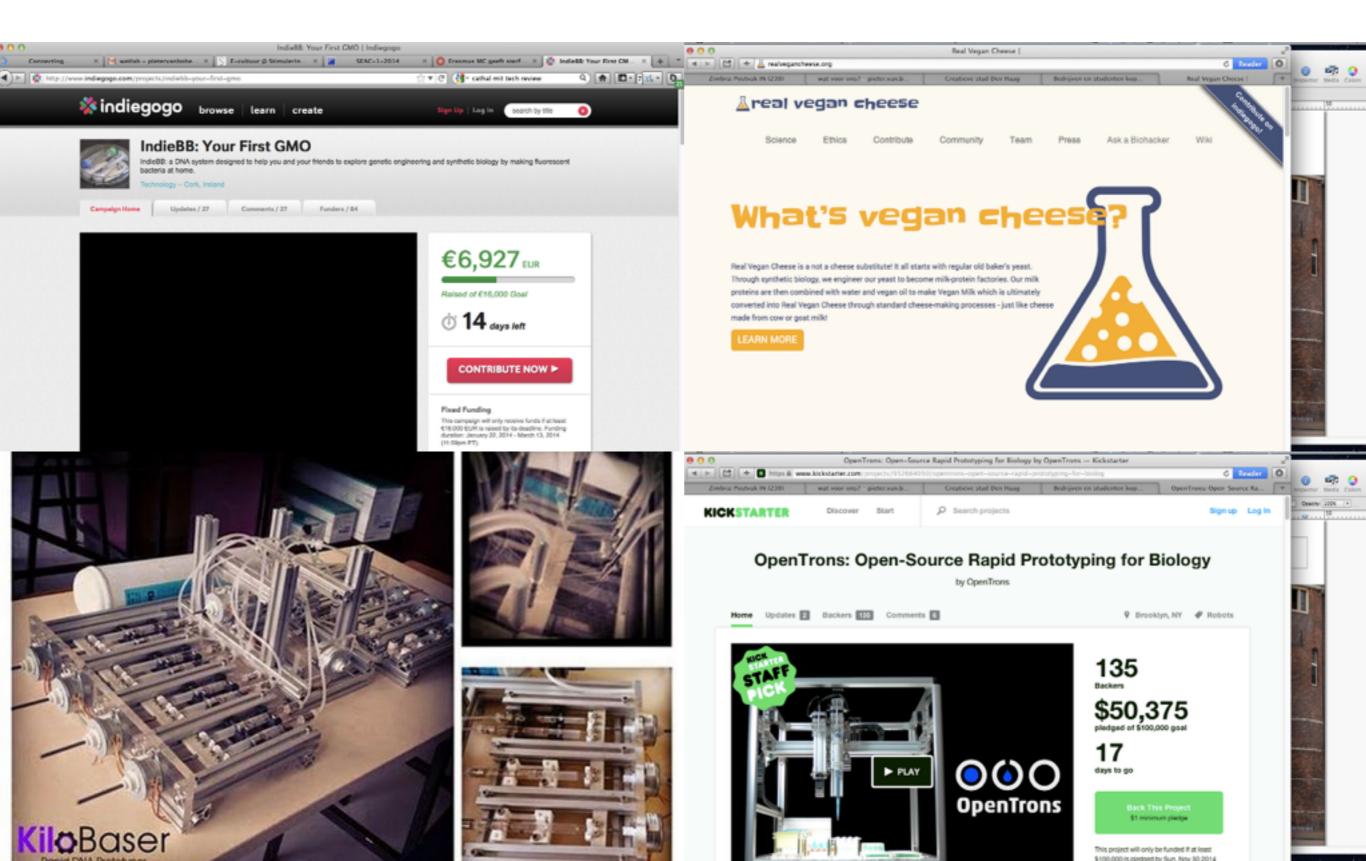
by http://OpenPCR.org -- Tito and Josh











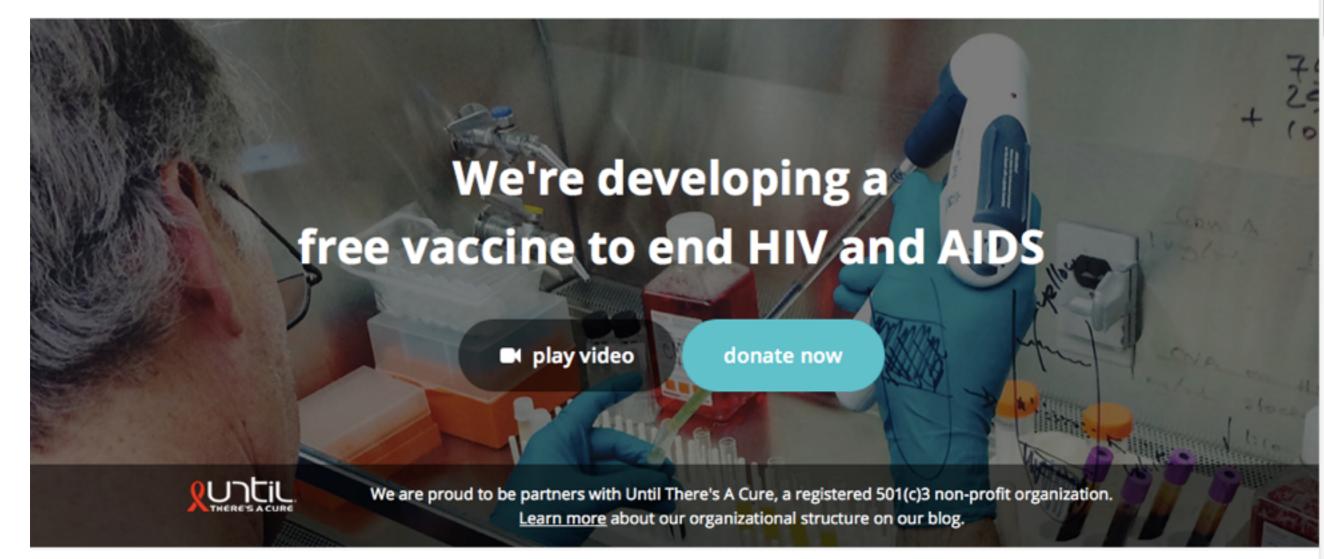




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Online communities



- <u>hackteria.org</u>
 kitchen mailing list:
 - http://lists.hackteria.org/cgi-bin/mailman/listinfo
- <u>biohacklabs.org</u> European biohacker list:
 - <u>http://www.biohacklabs.org/Europe</u>
 List of labs:
 - http://www.biohacklabs.org/List
- <u>diybio.org</u>

International mailing list:

https://groups.google.com/d/forum/diybio



- Announced on the mailing lists
 - Hackteria Lab
 - CCC Hamburg
 - OuiShare Paris
 - Pixelache Helsinki





- 1. Search for previous projects within the Biohack community similar to your biofactory and set up a small reference library on your Github Page.
- 2. Start growing your organism in a liquid culture.



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